

Research Paper**Billing System Using Machine Learning Techniques****Bongu Raviteja^{1*}, Mohammad Adnan Zargar², Sandeep Kumar³**^{1,2,3}Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering, Sharda School of Engineering and Technology, Sharda University, Greater Noida, India**Corresponding Author: ravitejar08@gmail.com***Received:** 21/Nov/2022; **Accepted:** 20/Dec/2022; **Published:** 30/Apr/2023. | **DOI:** <https://doi.org/10.26438/ijcse/v11i4.5559>

Abstract: The Procedure for utilizing premade standardized tags to perceive a thing during charging process is drawn-out and work through .The most common way of checking the every single item takes additional time and charging the bill and giving it to the client requires greater investment . This requires part of handling the work on the items to prepare them for ID and grouping. This paper presents an elective framework that chips away at the standard of self-checking of items and computerization includes that consequently produces the bill to such an extent that there will be no wastage of time.

To execute this framework we want to create some distance from customary techniques for programming and utilize an alternate worldview for planning the scanner which should be able to connect it with data base which stores the information of the products .we use machine learning model implemented in-order to perform the data in libraries like cv, numpy, pyzbar and Front-end using Tkinter and a Database for Mysql and connection of the Mysql with python. This paper describes about the disengaged programming System from charging the process without worrying about the gear Environment. We pick python and Tkinter to design the qr or normalized ID scanner and the front end for the customized show and SQL for the capacity of the information of the items to execute the framework over a circulated network inside any Establishment that needs to integrate this cycle so every hub that needs to handle charging need that needs to deal with charging need not need to stick to the equipment prerequisite forced on them to run the different models dependent on the GPU-based tensor engineering of tensor Stream.

Keywords: python3, MySQL, Tkinter, QR scanner**1. Introduction**

The standardized identification framework is broadly used to recognize the items while computes the charging system. While this decreases the time expected to charge a thing moderately contrasted with the manual technique for billing.it is as yet not as proficient, on the grounds that the items should be exclusively attached with standardized identifications like clockwork. .ethis process isn't just monotonous yet, in addition work serious. This arrangement of standardized tags is so broadly utilized on the grounds that it creates the distinguishing proof of a substance by a machine simple as the machine can comprehend and effectively separate the standardized identifications contrasted with other regular trademark information like the physical appearance of a substance. Machines make some intense memories perceiving pictures and other visual information utilizing traditiona innovations, in this manner we should search for another worldview of plan strategies that impact the manner in which machines work. Here when the person enters into the mart for buying the products the person will be provided with a shopping card. Now the person starts his\her shopping by carrying their shopping card. Now once the product has been selected the person scans the QR or barcode scanner then immediately he scans the shopping card so here the machine

is automatically organised in such a way that the product which is scanned before the shopping card has been has been scanned that product will be automatically added into the account id of the shopping card now with this card when we scan entirely at the billing section the entire bill will be generated at the end thus there will be no time wastage and no one will be standing near the bill section or waiting for their bills and struggling in the line.

Shopping at stores and retail plazas is ending up being more customary as the days advance. With expansion in number of people purchasing at these spots, there has been an immense progression in the charging times in lines. Figure 1 depicts people holding up in a line at the charging counter. The improvement in holding up times is a quick outcome of checking the particular things purchased to make the bill.

This delay ought to be conceivable anything that it takes not to by take a gander at what to be bought while adding them to the truck using holing up movement. Right when this is done, the client can interest for age of the bill, pay for itself and leave the store.



Fig-1

2. Literature Review

T.Gunasagar and Bhuvaneshwari et al describe a thought of a brilliant charging framework that uses radio recurrence recognizable proof and weight sensors with the charging side utilizing PLX DAQ. RFID we can look at every single item that is set in the streetcar and the items are shown on the LCD of trolley.

Russel Abreo and Briclad Dsouza proposed a thought that is useful — In metro metropolitan networks there is a presence of an enormous rush at shopping centers on trips and terminations of the week. These augmentations are impressively more when enormous offers and cut-off points are accessible. People buy different things and spot them in the streetcar. The customary methodology that is utilized for charging which affects individuals remaining in a line and filtering everything of each and every client with the assistance of a standardized identification scanner is tedious. Each thing must be gotten the view of the standardized identification scanner. There are times when the representative requirements to enter the normalized distinguishing proof number genuinely in light of a bumble in checking. Following such a system achieves extensive lines at the charging counters which bothers the clients. This work presents an arrangement to encourage a system in retail plazas to overcome the above Problem.

Rajeev Ratna Vallabhuni and S. Lakshmana Chari et al proposed an idea that splendid lights on making a bill for the shopping compartment. The fundamental thought is to help clients time by giving modernized charging structure which the clients can help the bill through their chosen mail. A container of large tremendous number of things will be related with RFID marks/cards, and the buying thing data will shift set to the side in the educational assortment. The charging will be made in the LCD close by the server. This design shows how RFID progression will improve on life and got and obliging in what's on the horizon. This design depicts IoT by principally focusing in on its commitment towards its work and guaranteeing the shopping.

Priyanshi Patel and Swapnil Shah and Yesha Patel and Keyur Panchal and Preksha Gandhi and Arpan Desai In this article, a

retail the leaders system (RMS) called Shopwell is made which screens the expiry date of things close by the hard and fast use assessment through Python, MySQL, and Android Studio where clients can screen the monetary arrangement utilized for buying the things like food, magnificence care items, and medication and it alerts when the thing expiry is close while shopping on the web or disengaged. The clients scarcely screen expiry dates on things and now and again checking total investing over some energy is troublesome. The proposed structure can be associated with any retail business and ends up being helpful as an application that can be presented on mobiles, tablets, and workstations. At the point when the retail business confines with Shop well, the bill which is made in the wake of shopping creates a connection which straightforwardly connections to the application once clicked by the client while shopping on the web in any case the connection is laid out once the clerk filters the QR code accessible in the client's application subsequent to checking the items over disconnected mode. Once the application has the expected information of the bought things, it helps the clients to track the buy subtleties mostly on the lapse date and the complete consumption consequently staying away from purchasers to quit utilizing obsolete items while keeping the day to day financial plans inside specified limits.

Raghunandan, Mallikarjun, Satheesh Rao have proposed a paper that for the most part targets lessening line times by examining the things while being added to the truck by the client, than being freely checked at the charging counter. This is perceived utilizing Radio Recurrent Obvious confirmation (RFID) improvement. Right when the things are checked utilizing RFID per user and the bill is to be made, the isolated RFID card numbers are to some degree transported off the billingserver/counter utilizing WiFi module. At the charging counter the filtered RFID card numbers are matched against an educational record and taking a gander at data, for example, the thing name and thing cost are recovered. Exactly when recovered, the relating thing costs are added, the bill total could be paid for utilizing robotized segment associations. Exactly when the piece has been dealt with, the client gets an OTP that will be utilized at checkout.

3. Related Work

Qr/ barcode scanner application using python

- i) cv library.
- ii) Numpy
- iii) pyzbar
- iii) open cv library Open cv is the monstrous Source library for the computer vision, manmade inform.

It is a machine learning software library

- It is built to provide infrastructure for computer vision applications.
- It is used in the image processing in some of the applications
- Initially open cv is written in only c++ but now it is also present in the python.
- iv) Numpy library.

NumPy works with Python objects called multilayered clusters. Exhibits are fundamentally assortments of values, and they have at least one aspect. NumPy exhibit information structure is likewise called nd array, short for nlayered cluster. An exhibit with one aspect is known as a vector and a cluster with two aspects is known as a framework. Datasets are normally worked as grids and it is a lot simpler to open those with NumPy as opposed to working with rundown of records.

iii) PYZBAR library

The PYZBAR module is fit for perusing and interpreting one-layered standardized tags and QR codes. The highlights of the module are: Simple execution in Python. Works with PIL/Cushion pictures, OpenCV/numpy arrays, and crude bytes.

- Import cv2.
- Import translation capability from PYZBAR.
- Take the picture from the client.
- Decode that picture utilizing PYZBAR.
- Locate the standardized identification in the given Picture.
- Print the information and sort of picture.
- Display found standardized identification.

```

import cv2
import numpy as np
import pyzbar.pyzbar as pyzbar

cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_PLAIN

while True:
    _, frame = cap.read()

    decodedObjects = pyzbar.decode(frame)
    for obj in decodedObjects:
        cv2.putText(frame, str(obj.data), (50, 50), font, 2,
                    (0, 255, 0), 3)

    cv2.imshow("QR Scanner", frame)

    key = cv2.waitKey(1)
    if key == 27:
        break

cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

Fig-2

Software Platform

- Front-end
- Python
- Module Used i. Tkinter
- Database
- a. MySQL
- Connection
- MySQL-Connector
- Machine Learning Model
 - Python
 - Modules Used
 - Numpy
 - Pand

Here the login system determines the security of the login id of the billing System. When the **Shopkeeper** starts the process

of scanning the cards. Here initially it has to login so that any other person other than him cannot access the machine. When the system is logged in the stock management and its billing are stored in it thus it is automatically display.

These are the libraries used for implementation of this user login System. Tkinter is the standard GUI library for Python. Python when gotten along with Tkinter gives a quick and fundamental methodology for making GUI applications. Tkinter gives significant solid areas for an organized affiliation feature the Tk GUI instrument stash. Import the Tkinter module.

- Transportation.
- Educational Organizations.
- Unscalable Charging Foundation.*
- Loss of Income Because of Bombed Installments.*
- Developing Intricacy of the Invoicing System.*
- Deficient Functional Thoroughness.*
- Expanding Trouble in Perceiving Income.*



Fig-3

Here a Qr code will be joined to the shopping card in which when the thing is dissected and after that the immediate isolating of card will store the product id in the database which is related with the card and consequently when this card went for checking after over everything finishing the shopping when this card is checked close to the charging counter that will show the outline of things that has been picked and it will make the bill so the client can plainly pay the bill by checking whether the client had been finished off with the things he want to perused the shopping Centre. A smart card is a contraption that consolidates an embedded composed circuit chip (ICC) that can be either a safeguarded microcontroller or tantamount information with inward memory or a memory chip alone. cards are utilized for different applications in any case all things considered expectedly utilized as Expert cards and other part cards. The piece card industry's assistance of grand cards for the Europay, Mastercard and Visa (EMV) card standard has driven the dispersal of cautious cards.

Telecommunication.

- E-trade.
- Banking applications.
- Government applications.
- Information Innovation.
- Transportation.
- Educational Organizations.

Computer and Organization Security.

- Python gives different choices to creating graphical UIs (GUIs). Most significant are recorded below.

TKINTER PROGRAMMING

- Tkinter – tkinter is the Python association feature the Tk GUI mechanical social affair compartment moved with Python. We would
- look this choice in this part. wx Python – This is an opensource Python interface for wx Windows.
- J Python -J Python is a Python port for Java which gives Python scripts clear consent to Java class libraries on the nearby machine.



Fig-4

Represents a person scanning the product immediately scanning the card Nonappearance of Distant Mixes. Thus, it makes a difference of how the people here are waiting in queues.

Nonappearance of Distant Mixes. Thus, it makes a difference of how the people here are waiting in queues.



Fig-5

Here the interaction is a lot of clear that the there is part of stalling list during the charging time so consequently the framework which have proposed by us will be parcel of supportive and have been exceptionally certain that it will be most certainly supportive to the stores, D-marts, wall shops ,a

few stores as well. There is no disarray in carrying out this strategy since, in such a case that there is any disarray in arranged items it tends to be plainly seen in the automated screen show which is shown during the charging segment and if they have any desire to eliminate the items which are not needed or on the other hand in the event that the choice has been changed not to take the item then the counter labourer who is takes care the most common way of charging segment will have the choice to eliminate the item which isn't needed consequently the client can convey the leftover items what does he require.

The way into an effective and productive business is absolute perceivability in the stock cycle beginning to end, alongside the executives' apparatuses to assist you with keeping up with ideal stock levels all year. A compelling stock administration framework assists you with smoothing out every one of the moving pieces of your distribution centre from suggesting ideal stock levels the entire way to keeping your store network coordinated and chugging along as expected. stock administration framework will show about the stock which we have Choosed in the shop and it will be shown on the screen in a sequential what we have choose to keep up with the lucidity.

this helps us to clearly understand the things that has been scanned for the buying of products and maintaining the clarity regarding the products that has to be hold are to removed and thus the person or a customer can easily see the list of the products what he have been bought in the mart.a charging framework is the cycle by which a business bills and solicitations clients. Charging frameworks frequently incorporate installment programming that robotizes the method involved with gathering installments, conveying repeating solicitations, cost following, and receipt following.

Here the charging framework is for after the whole items has been finished then charging segment will dispatch the bill so after the whole cycle hence bill is disseminated from this framework. The aggregate sum of the expense of labour and products charged to a client, for the most part covering buys made or benefits delivered inside a predefined timeframe.

Result

This machine learning technique clusters data points according to how similar they are. Clustering can be used in the context of billing systems to pinpoint several client groups that share use patterns.

5. Conclusions and Future Scope

To sum up, the use of machine learning techniques to billing systems has the potential to increase accuracy, save expenses, and raise customer happiness. Using several machine learning methods including regression analysis, classification, and clustering to estimate billing amounts, classify clients, and detect usage patterns, many research articles have shown encouraging results in this area.

To further boost the effectiveness of these systems, however, there are still issues that must be resolved. The quality and

dependability of data inputs, for instance, must be guaranteed because inaccurate data can result in inaccurate predictions and billing amounts. To guarantee that billing systems do not discriminate against particular client groups, it is also crucial to address issues of bias and fairness in algorithmic decision-making.

Conflict of Interest

There is no particular conflict of interest, the main motive was to improve the billing procedures and improve the conditions to reduce the latency issue and it can be applied for multiple applications in the future.

Funding Source

None

Authors' Contributions

Bongu Raviteja researched literature, conceived the study and developed the model. Author-2 involved in protocol development and gaining ethical approval. Author-3 has helped in the review and assistance of the manuscript. All authors reviewed and edited the manuscript and approved the final version of the manuscript.

Acknowledgements

We recognise that each and every contributor has given their consent for their recognition in this work.

REFERENCES

- [1]. K. Jain, and K. M. Mohiuddin, "Artificial neural networks: a tutorial". in Computer (1996).
- [2]. Low- suryaprasadJ, Kumar B P, Roopa D and Arjun Novel Cost Intelligent Shopping Cart. IEEE 2nd International Conference on Networked Embedded Systems for Enterprise Applications 2011.
- [3]. Ali Z and Reena RFID based Smart Shopping: An overview. International Conference on Advances in Communication and Computing Technologies. (2012).
- [4]. Shiv Ram Dubey and Anand Singh Jalal Fruit and vegetable recognition by fusing color and texture features of the image using machine learning. International journal of applied pattern recognition. (2015).
- [5]. Sowmya V and Deepika J Image Classification Using Convolutional Neural Networks. International Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research.(2014)
- [6]. Jose E K and S YOLO classification with multiple object tracking for vacant parking iot detection in Journal of Advanced Research in Dynamical and Control Systems.(2018).
- [7]. Hung C, Nieto J, Taylor Z, Underwood J and Orchard fruit segmentation using multi-spectral feature learning. IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems. (2013).
- [8]. Ajeet Ram Pathak, Manjusha Pandey, Siddharth Rautaray "Application of Deep Learning for Object Detection". In Procedia Computer Science "NIST Big Data (2018).
- [9]. S. Ren, K. He, R. , and J. Sun, "Faster RCNN: Towards real-time object detection with region proposal networks" (2017).
- [10]. "NASFPN: Learning scalable feature pyramid architecture for object detection" (2019).
- [11]. Jordan, M.I., Mitchel, T.M , "Machine learning: trends, perspectives, and prospects" (2015).
- [12]. Redmon and Farhadi A YOLO9000: Better, Faster, Stronger. IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition .(2017) .
- [13]. Li R, Song T Redmon and Farhadi A YOLO9000: Better, Faster, Stronger. IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition 2017.
- [14]. Li R, Song T, N, Yu J, Couture J and Cheng X IoT Applications on Secure Smart Shopping System. IEEE Internet of Things Journal2017
- [15]. N, Yu J, Couture J and Cheng X IoT Applications on Secure Smart Shopping System. IEEE Internet of Things Journal .(2017).
- [16]. Hedyig "A Hierarchical Grocery Store Image Dataset with Visual and Semantic Labels". In IEEE Winter Conference on Applications of Computer Vision, (2019).
- [17]. Yan and Geoffrey Hinton , "Deep learning" In Nature (2015).
- [18]. Wu and Li Chen , "Image recognition based on deep learning" Chinese Automation Congress(2015) .